

Part 1: Matter and Change, Atomic Structure, Chemical Names and Formulas

- What are the 4 states of matter?
- Which of the following are physical properties?
 - boiling point
 - freezing point
 - density
 - color
 - crystal shape
 - solubility
 - ionic charge
 - density
- What is the density of a solid if when dropped in water the level changes from 14.0 to 26.0 mL, and when placed on a scale starting at 3.5 grams raises it to 51.5 grams?
- What is the term for the type of separation of mixtures:
 - that separates liquids based on their boiling points
 - that separates materials based on their attractions between a medium and a solvent
 - from spinning materials in a circle really, really fast.
- Concerning chemical reactions:
 - Everything to the left of the arrow (\rightarrow) are classified as ??
 - Everything to the right of the arrow (\rightarrow) are classified as ???
 - What must be true about all the atoms on the left side of the arrow and the right?
- 52.0 grams of reactants are mixed together. 28.0 grams of CO_2 are evolved. What is the mass of the solid products?
- What is the "claim to fame" of:
 - electrons
 - protons
 - neutrons
- What is the masses and charges for:
 - electrons
 - protons
 - neutrons
- Why is the atomic mass of an element found in the table a decimal number?
- What two things are necessary for two atoms to be isotopes?
- The atomic mass of an atom equals the number of ??? in the nucleus.
- Complete the following chart

Atom / Ion	Atomic Number	Atomic Mass	Number of P^{+1}	Number of N^0	Number of e^{-1}
$_{17}^{35}\text{Cl}^0$					
$_{11}^{23}\text{Na}^0$					
$_{29}^{64}\text{Cu}^0$					
$_{54}^{132}\text{Xe}^0$					
$_{38}^{88}\text{Sr}^{+2}$					
$_{35}^{80}\text{Br}^{-1}$					
$_{15}^{31}\text{P}^{-3}$					
$_{28}^{59}\text{Ni}^{+2}$					

- What are the formulas created between the following atoms and ions (ionic compounds)
 - Ca Cl
 - Na HCO_3^{-1}
 - Cu^{+2} OH^{-1}
 - NH_4^{+1} CO_3^{-2}
 - Sc NO_3^{-1}
 - Mg N
 - K SO_4^{-2}
 - Fe^{+3} PO_4^{-3}
 - Li O
 - Ba I
 - K $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{-2}$
 - Cr^{+3} O
- What are the names for each of the compounds formed in number 12?
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
 -
- What are the formulas for the following compounds?
 - sodium carbonate
 - sodium hydrogen carbonate
 - iron (II) chloride
 - potassium sulfide
 - ammonium bromide
 - calcium chloride
 - copper (II) hydroxide
 - lithium carbonate
 - magnesium nitrate
 - barium bromide
 - magnesium sulfate
 - zinc phosphate

Part 1: Matter and Change, Atomic Structure, Chemical Names and Formulas

- What are the 4 states of matter? **gas, liquid, solid, plasma**
- Which of the following are physical properties? **bold items are physical properties**
 - boiling point**
 - freezing point**
 - density**
 - color**
 - crystal shape**
 - solubility**
 - ionic charge
 - density**
- What is the density of a solid if when dropped in water the level changes from 14.0 to 26.0 mL, and when placed on a scale starting at 3.5 grams raises it to 51.5 grams? $D = m / v = (51.5 - 3.5) / (26.0 - 14.0) = 4.0 \text{ g / mL}$
- What is the term for the type of separation of mixtures:
 - that separates liquids based on their boiling points **distillation**
 - that separates materials based on their attractions between a medium and a solvent **chromatography**
 - from spinning materials in a circle really, really fast. **centrifugation**
- Concerning chemical reactions:
 - Everything to the left of the arrow (\rightarrow) are classified as ?? **reactants**
 - Everything to the right of the arrow (\rightarrow) are classified as ??? **products**
 - What must be true about all the atoms on the left side of the arrow and the right? **must be the same**
- 52.0 grams of reactants are mixed together. 28.0 grams of CO_2 are evolved. What is the mass of the solid products? **(24.0 grams)**
- What is the "claim to fame" of:
 - electrons **chemical bonds**
 - protons **determines element**
 - neutrons **stabilizes nucleus**
- What is the masses and charges for:
 - electrons **0 amu, -1**
 - protons **1 amu, +1**
 - neutrons **1 amu, 0 charge**
- Why is the atomic mass of an element found in the table a decimal number? **it is a weighted average**
- What two things are necessary for two atoms to be isotopes? **same element, different masses (from Neutrons)**
- The atomic mass of an atom equals the number of ??? in the nucleus. **protons and neutrons**
- Complete the following chart

Atom / Ion	Atomic Number	Atomic Mass	Number of P^{+1}	Number of N^0	Number of e^{-1}
$_{17}^{35}\text{Cl}^0$	17	35	17	18	17
$_{11}^{23}\text{Na}^0$	11	23	11	12	11
$_{29}^{64}\text{Cu}^0$	29	64	29	35	29
$_{54}^{132}\text{Xe}^0$	54	132	54	78	54
$_{38}^{88}\text{Sr}^{+2}$	38	88	38	50	36
$_{35}^{80}\text{Br}^{-1}$	35	80	35	45	36
$_{15}^{31}\text{P}^{-3}$	15	31	15	16	18
$_{28}^{59}\text{Ni}^{+2}$	28	59	28	31	26

- What are the formulas created between the following atoms and ions (ionic compounds)
 - CaCl_2**
 - NaHCO_3**
 - $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$**
 - $(\text{NH}_4)_2 \text{CO}_3$**
 - $\text{Sc}(\text{NO}_3)_3$**
 - Mg_3N_2**
 - K_2SO_4**
 - FePO_4**
 - Li_2O**
 - BaI_2**
 - $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$**
 - Cr_2O_3**
- What are the names for each of the compounds formed in number 12?
 - calcium chloride**
 - sodium hydrogen carbonate**
 - copper (II) hydroxide**
 - ammonium carbonate**
 - scandium nitrate**
 - magnesium nitride**
 - potassium sulfate**
 - iron (III) phosphate**
 - lithium oxide**
 - barium iodide**
 - potassium dichromate**
 - chromium (III) oxide**
- What are the formulas for the following compounds?
 - Na_2CO_3**
 - NaHCO_3**
 - FeCl_2**
 - K_2S**
 - NH_4Br**
 - CaCl_2**
 - $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$**
 - Li_2CO_3**
 - $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$**
 - BaBr_2**
 - MgSO_4**
 - $\text{zZn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$**